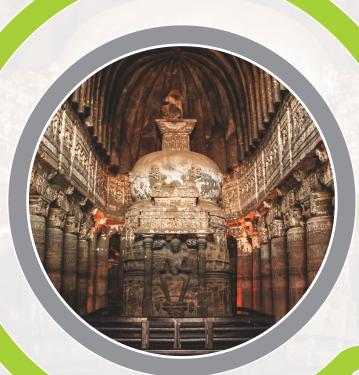


STATE PCS CA CONSOLIDATION MAHARASHTRA



AUGUST 2025



C-171/2, Block-A, Sector-15, Noida



641, Mukherjee Nagar, Opp. Signature View Apartment, New Delhi



21, Pusa Road, Karol Bagh New Delhi



Tashkent Marg, Civil Lines, Prayagraj, Uttar Pradesh



Tonk Road, Vasundhra Colony, Jaipur, Rajasthan



Burlington Arcade Mall, Burlington Chauraha, Vidhan Sabha Marg, Lucknow



12, Main AB Road, Bhawar Kuan, Indore, Madhya Pradesh

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PM Condoles the Passing of Pramila Tai Medhe

Why in News?

PM Narendra Modi expressed deep sorrow over the passing of **Smt. Pramila Tai Medhe**, the former **Pramukh Sanchalika** of **Rashtra Sevika Samiti**, at the age of 97.

• She was remembered for her lifelong dedication to social service, women's empowerment, and the growth of the Samiti.

Key Facts About Pramila Tai Medhe

- Birth and Death:
 - ★ Birth: 8th June 1929 (Nandurbar, Maharashtra)
 - ★ Death: 31st July 2025 (Nagpur)
- Pramila Tai Medhe was a Sevika from childhood and served as the Pramukh Sanchalika of the Rashtra Sevika Samiti from 2006 to 2012.
 - She dedicated her life to the development of the Samiti, which is focused on empowering women through social reform and leadership training.
- She was known for her selfless service and was a pivotal figure in expanding the Rashtra Sevika Samiti's reach, both within India and internationally.
 - ★ Her efforts led her to travel to countries like England, America, Canada, and Sri Lanka for Samiti work, earning recognition, including Honorary Citizenship from the Mayor of New Jersey.
- Pramila Tai's legacy includes her significant role in the Bharat Parikrama, where she traveled 28,000 km across 32 states, completing her resolve of visiting 107 places in 266 days.
 - ★ She remained deeply committed to the Rashtra Sevika Samiti's mission throughout her life.

Key Facts About Rashtra Sevika Samiti

- Foundation:
 - ★ Year: 1936, Vijayadashami (Dussehra)
 - ★ Founder: Late Mrs. Lakshmibai Kelkar (Mausiji)

- ★ Headquarters: Nagpur, India
- ★ Objective: To build a strong, radiant nation through the empowerment of women.
- ★ Slogan: "Women are the foundation of the nation."
- Key Activities:
 - → Daily and Weekly Shakhas (Meetings): Focus on physical fitness, intellectual development, and morale-boosting activities for women.
 - ★ Health and Social Welfare Projects: Initiatives such as health camps, hostels, women's selfhelp groups, and educational programs.
 - National Movements Participation: Active involvement in movements like Quit India, Ram Janmabhoomi, and Jammu Kashmir Save Campaign.
- Core Principle: The Samiti believes in the upliftment and empowerment of women to contribute towards nation-building and preserving cultural heritage.
- Three Foundational Ideals:
 - ★ Matrutva (Universal Motherhood)
 - ★ Kartrutva (Efficiency and Social Activism)
 - Netrutva (Leadership)
- Organizational Motto:"Build the individual, build the nation"

Maharashtra Startup, Entrepreneurship, and Innovation Policy 2025

Why in News?

The Maharashtra state cabinet has approved the Maharashtra Startup, Entrepreneurship, and Innovation Policy 2025, aimed at fostering innovation and entrepreneurship across the state.

Key Points

About: The policy focuses on creating 1.25 lakh entrepreneurs and 50,000 startups over the next five years.

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★ Maharashtra is already leading the country with 29,146 startups (18% of India's total), and seeks to build an even more robust ecosystem for innovation.

Key Objectives:

- Create 1.25 lakh entrepreneurs and 50,000 startups in 5 years.
- Encourage startups led by women and youth through targeted support.
- ★ Enhance Maharashtra's position as a leading hub for **innovation and entrepreneurship**.

Financial and Infrastructure Support:

- ★ Maha-Fund (Rs 500 crore): Financial assistance for 25,000 early-stage entrepreneurs from a pool of 5 lakh youth. This will follow a threestage selection process and will include mentoring, incubation, and funding support.
- ★ Maharashtra Innovation City: A 300-acre innovation hub bringing together startups, corporates, educational institutions, and the government to foster research and development.
- → Departmental Innovation Fund: All state departments will be required to allocate 0.5% of their annual funds towards promoting innovation and entrepreneurship.
- ★ Startup Week Incentives: Startups selected during the Maharashtra Startup Week will get opportunities to work directly with government departments, with pilot work orders worth up to Rs 25 lakh.

Support for Incubators and Regional Hubs:

- Micro-incubators will be established in ITIs, polytechnics, and educational institutions across Maharashtra to ensure organized infrastructure for innovation.
- ★ Regional innovation hubs will be set up in each administrative division to promote local entrepreneurial ecosystems.

• Financial Assistance and Recognition:

★ Compensation for Patents & Certifications: Financial support for patent registration, product quality certifications, and participation in domestic and international exhibitions.

- ★ Loan Assistance: A special mechanism will be created for startups that have secured work orders from public institutions or trusted customers.
- Implementation Agency: The policy will be executed through the Maharashtra State Innovation Society.

Key Facts About Maharashtra

- It is the most industrialised state in India and has maintained its leading position in the industrial sector in the country.
- At current prices, Maharashtra's gross state domestic product was estimated at Rs. 49.39 trillion (USD 578.31 billion) in 2025-26.
- According to the Department for Promotion of Industry and Internal Trade (DPIIT), between October 2019-December 2024, the <u>FDI inflow</u> in Maharashtra stood at Rs. 6,71,863 crore (USD 85.73 billion).
 - Maharashtra ranked first for the highest FDI reception.
- Maharashtra had 12 <u>Special Economic Zones</u> (<u>SEZs</u>) with valid in-principal approvals, 51 SEZs with formal approvals, and 45 SEZs with notified approvals.
 - ★ As of October 2020, the state had 37 exporting SEZs across diversified sectors, including textiles and apparel, food processing, footwear and leather products, multi-product, pharma, and IT SEZs.

Quit India Movement Day

Why in News?

India celebrates 8th August every year as Quit India Movement Day, also known as August Kranti Diwas, to commemorate the Quit India Movement (QIM), which demanded the immediate end of British rule in India.

The QIM (August Kranti) was officially launched at Gowalia Tank Maidan, Bombay (now Mumbai) Maharashtra.

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Quit India Movement

- Launch: By Mahatma Gandhi on 8th August 1942 to demand the immediate end of British rule following the failure of the Cripps Mission.
- Gandhi's Call: Gandhi gave the powerful call of "Do or Die" at the Gowalia Tank Maidan (now August Kranti Maidan).
- Slogan and Symbolism: The slogan "Quit India" was coined by Yusuf Meherally, a socialist and trade unionist from Mumbai, who had also created the earlier slogan "Simon Go Back."
 - During the movement, Aruna Asaf Ali hoisted the Indian flag at Gowalia Tank Maidan as a symbol of defiance.
- Rise of New Leaders: New leaders like <u>Dr. Ram</u> <u>Manohar Lohia, Jayaprakash Narayan</u> rose to prominence during this movement.
 - ★ Women also played a significant role, leading protests and sacrificing their lives, such as Matangini Hazra, who died with the Tricolour in hand, and <u>Sucheta Kripalani</u>, who later became India's first female Chief Minister (Uttar Pradesh).
- Nature of the QIM: The QIM was distinct from earlier peaceful protests like <u>Non-Cooperation</u> and Civil Disobedience, as it was a mass uprising demanding the complete withdrawal of British rule.
 - ★ The movement had elements of violence in self-defense and spontaneous actions like sabotage and guerrilla attacks against British properties.
 - ★ The Muslim community largely stayed absent from the QIM, it was seen as a Hindu nationalist cause, highlighting the growing communal divide and the Muslim League's push for a separate state.

Events that Led to the Quit India Movement

- Impact of World War II (1939-1945): Britain involved India in World War II without consulting Indian leaders, causing widespread anger.
- Failure of the Cripps Mission (March 1942): The Cripps Mission was sent by the British in March

1942 to secure **India's support in World War II** and resolve the political crisis.

- ★ Stafford Cripps proposed granting India dominion status after the war, with a Constituent Assembly where provinces and princely states could opt out.
- ★ Gandhi called it a "post-dated cheque on a crashing bank".
- Nationalist Sentiment and Economic Hardships: Due to Wartime exploitation and famines.
- Fall of Burma (1942): The Japanese invasion of Burma brought the war to India's doorstep, heightening invasion fears and urgency for British withdrawal.
 - Meanwhile, <u>Netaji Subhas Chandra Bose</u> formation of the <u>Indian National Army</u> intensified the fight for independence.
- Mahatma Gandhi's Leadership: Facing rising demands for independence, Gandhi launched the Quit India call, declaring, "We shall either free India or die in the attempt."
 - → On 8th August 1942 the All-India Congress Committee passed the Quit India Resolution, urging non-violent mass resistance.

Maharashtra Plans NCC-Style Training for Students

Why in News?

Maharashtra's school education minister announced the introduction of training inspired by the <u>National Cadet</u> Corps (NCC) for students beginning in Class 1.

Key Points

- Objective: The initiative aims to foster discipline and patriotism among students from the primary level, with a broader vision of developing welldisciplined and nation-conscious citizens.
- Training Details: The training will be military-style and NCC-inspired, focused on instilling discipline and patriotism.
 - ★ The program will be introduced at the primary school level, starting with Class 1.

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- Collaboration and Expansion Plans: The state government will request the central government to increase the number of NCC training centres in Maharashtra.
 - ★ The state plans to collaborate with the exservicemen welfare board to enlist retired armed forces personnel for training.
 - ★ This year's Independence Day celebrations in schools will also include parade drills performed to patriotic songs.
- Current NCC Framework in Maharashtra:
 - ★ Maharashtra currently has 7 NCC groups and 63 active units, covering 1,726 schools and colleges with over 1.14 lakh cadets.
 - ★ There are plans to expand the NCC program by adding 10 more NCC centres, which will provide an opportunity for an additional 20,314 students to participate.

National Cadet Corps

- About: The NCC is a voluntary Tri-Services organisation (Army, Navy, and Air Force) under the Ministry of Defence, headquartered in New Delhi, established by the NCC Act, 1948.
 - ★ It is the largest uniformed youth organisation globally, with over 15 lakh cadets across the country.
- Objective: It aims to groom the youth into disciplined, patriotic, and responsible citizens.
- Role in Wars & Reforms: During the 1965 and 1971 Indo-Pak wars, NCC cadets supported defence efforts by guarding vital areas, aiding in logistics, and assisting in rescue and traffic control.
 - ★ Post-1971. NCC reoriented towards leadership, social service, and nationbuilding, reducing its focus on combat training.
- Structure & Training: Headed by a Director **General (rank of Lieutenant General).**
 - ★ Enrolment from high schools, colleges, and universities across India.
 - ★ Cadets receive basic military training, and certificates (A, B, C) enhancing eligibility for military recruitment.

India's First Private **Maths Research Institute**

Why in News?

India's first privately funded mathematics research institute, the Lodha Mathematical Sciences Institute (LMSI), was launched in Mumbai.

Key Points

- About: LMSI seeks to apply advanced mathematical techniques, including data science, operations research, machine learning, and optimization, to tackle challenges in infrastructure, healthcare, and economics.
 - ★ The institute aims to foster research that transcends academia by addressing real-world issues with mathematical insights.
- **Director of LMSI**: The institute, supported by the Lodha Foundation and led by renowned mathematician Dr. V Kumar Murty, specializes in number theory and arithmetic geometry.
- **Inaugural Course**: Dr. Manjul Bhargava, a Princeton University professor and the first Indian-origin recipient of the Fields Medal, will lead an intensive seminar on arithmetic statistics and number
- **Future Plans**: In the future, LMSI plans to establish the Indian Congress of Mathematics, with the first congress scheduled to take place by December 2026.
 - ★ This congress will celebrate the contributions of Indian-origin mathematicians worldwide.

Inauguration of Circuit Bench of Bombay HC

Why in News?

The Chief Justice of India (CJI) B.R. Gavai inaugurated the new circuit bench of the Bombay High Court in Kolhapur, making it the fifth bench of the court.

Key Points

• About: The Kolhapur Bench will include a Division **Bench and two Single Benches** serving six districts

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namely, Satara, Sangli, Solapur, Kolhapur, Ratnagiri, Sindhudurg.

- ★ The Division Bench will handle <u>public interest</u> <u>litigation</u> petitions, civil writ petitions, family court appeals, contempt appeals, and civil and criminal matters while the <u>single Bench will hear cases</u> including <u>criminal revision applications</u>, bail applications and other criminal matters.
- Significance: It will improve accessibility for citizens in the Konkan and Western Maharashtra regions.
- Bombay HC Bench Structure: One of India's oldest Chartered High Courts, it has jurisdiction over Maharashtra, Goa, Daman & Diu, and Dadra & Nagar Haveli. It already has three main benches:
 - Principal Bench in Mumbai.
 - Regional Benches in Nagpur (Vidarbha) and Aurangabad (Marathwada).
 - ★ A separate Bench in Goa.

THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA



PART VI | THE STATES | THE HIGH COURTS

ARTICLES:

Article 215 High Courts to be courts of record Article 222 Transfer of a Judge from one High Court to another

Article 225 Jurisdiction of existing High Courts
Article 226 Power of High Courts to issue
certain writs

Article 230 Extension of jurisdiction of High Courts to Union territories.

Article 231 Establishment of a common High Court for two or more States.

Process of Establishment of High Court Benches

Establishment of High Court Benches: Setting up of a Bench of a High Court is considered only if a complete proposal in terms of section 51(2) of the States` Reorganisation Act, 1956 is received from the State Government concerned, including the consent of the Chief Justice of the High Court and the Governor of the State and also if it satisfies the broad guidelines and criteria recommended by the Jaswant Singh Commission.

- ★ The State Government is responsible for providing infrastructural facilities and bearing the entire expenditure of the High Court and its Bench.
- Justice Jaswant Singh Commission: In 1981, a commission was appointed to consider demands for High Court Benches in Western districts of Uttar Pradesh.
 - ★ The commission recommended criteria including characteristics of the region, population size, area, means of travel and communication, distance for litigants, pendency rates, infrastructure availability, and legal talent.
- Supreme Court's Position: Decisions should be based on rational, not emotional, sentimental, or parochial considerations.

Sword of Raghuji Bhonsle

Why in News?

Chief Minister Devendra Fadnavis on Monday inaugurated the seven-day exhibition where the newly obtained sword of Maratha commander Shrimant Raje Raghuji Bhonsle will be exhibited.



Key Points

Exhibition Details: The exhibition will run from 18th-25th 2025 at the PL Deshpande Maharashtra Kala Academy and will include the sword and

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displays of 12 heritage forts listed as **UNESCO** World Heritage sites.

- Acquisition: The Maharashtra government purchased the sword for Rs 45 crore at a London auction as part of a broader initiative to reclaim historical artefacts connected to the Maratha empire.
 - ★ The government has reclaimed important artifacts like the 'wagh nakh' (used by Shivaji Maharaj) and is working on building memorials for Chhatrapati Shivaji Maharaj outside Maharashtra, with an initial project underway in Agra, Uttar Pradesh.
- Significance of Sword: Raghuji Bhosale was a prominent Maratha commander and the founder of the Nagpur Bhosale dynasty.
 - ★ The 18th-century Maratha-style 'firangi' sword combines a European blade with an Indian hilt, showcasing intricate ornamentation, including gold inlay koftgiri work.
 - ★ The spine of the blade features an inscription in **Devanagari script**, connecting it to Raghuji Bhosale's title given by Chhatrapati Shahu Maharaj.
 - ★ The sword was used during military campaigns in the 18th century, including battles against the Nawab of Bengal (1745 and 1755) and in regions like Chhattisgarh, Odisha, and southern India.

Raghuji Bhosale I (1695 – 1755)

- Founder: He was the founder of the Nagpur Bhosale dynasty and a prominent commander in the Maratha army during <u>Chhatrapati Shahu</u> <u>Maharaj's</u> reign.
- Title: Impressed by his bravery and military strategy, Chhatrapati Shahu Maharaj conferred upon him the title 'Senasahib Subha'.
- Campaign: He established control over Chanda, Chhattisgarh, and Sambalpur and defeated the Nawabs of Cuddapah and Kurnool, thereby asserting Maratha military and political dominance in southern India.

- His kingdom was abundant in iron and copper, which were used for both manufacturing goods and crafting weapons.
- ✓ In 1817, the Nagpur Bhosales battled the British East India Company at Sitabuldi (3rd Anglo-Maratha War (1817-19)), and after the Company's victory, their treasury, including valuables, jewelry, and weapons, was looted.
 - After Nagpur was annexed, the British also received tribute and gifts from the Bhosales over time.
 - Experts believe that Raghuji Bhosale's sword may have left India either as part of the war loot or as a gift to the British.

CM Inaugurates India's First ESG Lab

Why in News?

Maharashtra CM Devendra Fadnavis inaugurated India's first ESG (Environmental, Social, and Governance) Lab in Mumbai, urging students to prepare for a rapidly evolving world influenced by climate change, artificial intelligence, and quantum computing.

• The event also included the felicitation of winners from the national robotics competition, organized by STEM Learning and Brilio (a Private Company).

ESG (Environmental, Social, and Governance)

About: Environmental, social and governance (ESG) is a set of standards for how an institution operates in regard to the planet and its people.

Importance of ESG for India

- Climate: India faces extreme weather events (e.g., floods, heatwaves, sea-level rise).
 - ★ In 2024, extreme weather occurred on 322 out of 366 days (CSE report).
 - Companies with strong environmental practices, clean energy, and reduced emissions can mitigate these risks.

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- Social: India struggles with poverty, inequality, and lack of basic needs.
 - Companies focusing on social responsibility can create a more inclusive economy and drive positive societal change.
- Governance: Strong corporate governance based on transparency and ethics rebuilds trust, attracts investments, and supports sustainable growth.

India's ESG Initiatives

- SEBI Mandate: The top 1,000 listed companies must disclose ESG performance through the <u>Business Responsibility and Sustainability</u> Reporting (BRSR) Framework.
 - ★ The framework aligns with Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) and the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB).

ESG Related Recommendations of Parliamentary Standing Committee

- ESG Oversight Body: Proposed within the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) to ensure genuine sustainability claims.
 - ★ The body should include forensic experts and set sector-specific ESG guidelines.
 - Recommendations to support Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs) in adopting ESG practices.
 - Amend the <u>Companies Act, 2013</u> to make ESG a core duty of directors and embed sustainability into business strategy.

- Penalties for False Claims: Stricter and faster penalties for false ESG claims to prevent greenwashing.
 - ★ Strengthen Serious Fraud Investigation Office (SFIO) and the National Financial Reporting Authority (NFRA) to tackle financial crimes and improve Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) oversight.

Sindhudurg's Chipi Airport

Why in News?

In a major boost to **Sindhudurg** and the **Konkan** region, the **Maharashtra government** has approved the resumption of services at Chipi Airport after a hiatus due to technical challenges.

Key Points

- Chipi Airport: The Chipi Airport (inaugurated in October 2021), located in Parule-Chipi village in Sindhudurg district, was originally inaugurated to connect Konkan with major cities.
 - However, the suspension of flights had forced residents and tourists to rely on neighboring Goa's airports, causing inconvenience.
 - ★ The resumption of services at Chipi Airport will significantly ease access to Konkan's famous beaches, temples, forts, and Malvani cuisine, making it more attractive to domestic and international tourists.



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Summary	